

A NEW ARCHITECTURE FOR THE U.S. NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

by

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Studies in Income and Wealth Volume 66 A New Architecture for the U.S. National Accounts

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WHY A NEW ARCHITECTURE?

U.S. Economic Policy Is Shifting from Stabilization to Enhancing the Economy's Growth Potential

The U.S. Economy Is Confronted with New Challenges from Globalization and Rapid Changes in Technology

The Objective is to Make the U.S. National Income and Product Accounts Consistent with Industry, Productivity, and Flow of Funds Accounts

This Will Require Collaboration Among the Bureau of Economic Analysis, The Bureau of Labor Statistics, and the Federal Reserve Board

New Architecture for an Expanded and Integrated Set of National Accounts for the United States

1. PRODUCTION

Gross Domestic Product Equals

Gross Domestic Factor Outlay

2. DOMESTIC RECEIPTS

AND EXPENDITURES

Domestic Receipts Equal

Domestic Expenditure

4. DOMESTIC CAPITAL ACCOUNT

Gross Domestic Capital Formation Equals

Gross Domestic Savings

6. DOMESTIC BALANCE SHEET

Domestic Wealth Equals

Domestic Tangible Assets and

U.S. Net International Position

3. FOREIGN TRANSACTION CURRENT ACCOUNT

Receipts from Rest of World Equal

Payments to Rest of World and

Balance on Current Account

5. FOREIGN TRANSACTION CAPITAL ACCOUNT

Balance on Current Account Equals

Payments to Rest of the World and

Net Lending or Borrowing

7. U.S. INTERNATIONAL POSITION

U.S.-Owned Assets Abroad Equal

Foreign-Owned Assets in U.S. and

U.S. Net International Position

1. THE PRODUCTION ACCOUNT

Output, Input, and Productivity

OUTPUT SHARES
Investment and Consumption Outputs

CONTRIBUTIONS TO OUTPUT Investment versus Consumption

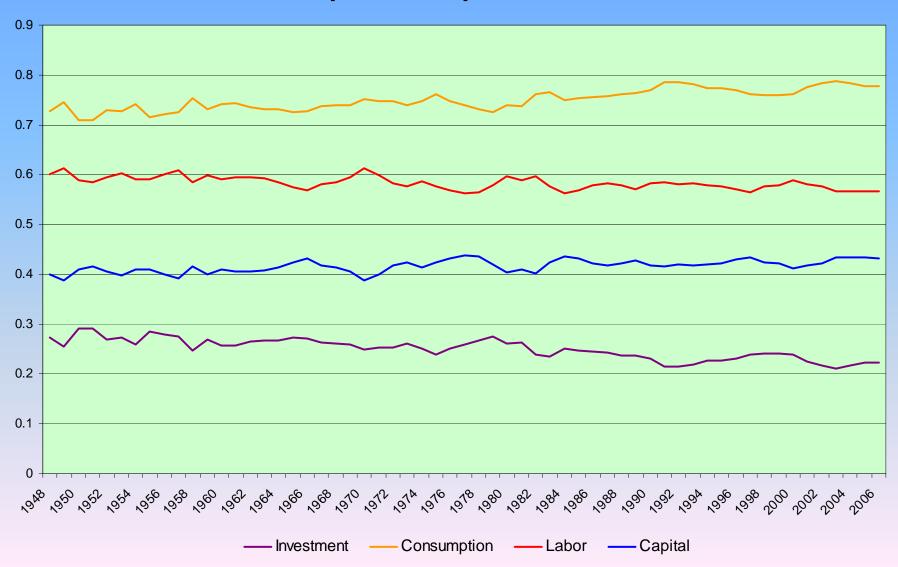
INPUT SHARES
Capital and Labor Inputs

CONTRIBUTIONS TO GROWTH Capital, Labor, and Productivity

1. THE PRODUCTION ACCOUNT

Output, Input, and Productivity

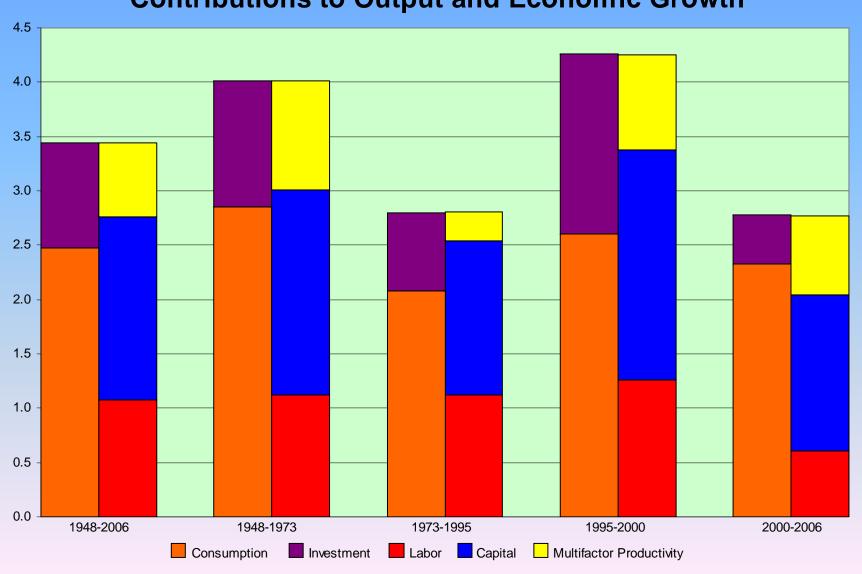
Output and Input Shares



1. THE PRODUCTION ACCOUNT

Output, Input, and Productivity

Contributions to Output and Economic Growth



2. DOMESTIC RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES Income, Consumption, and Saving

INCOME SHARES
Property and Labor Incomes

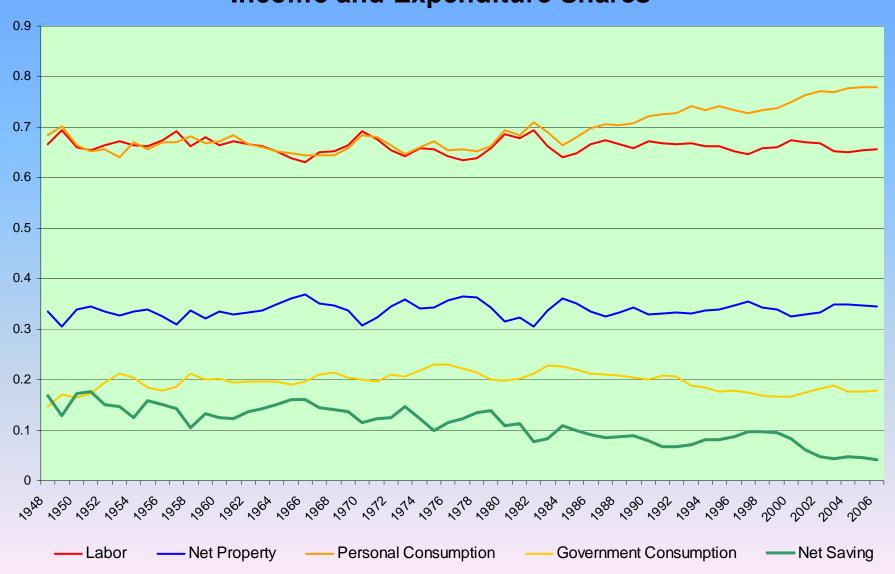
CONTRIBUTIONS TO INCOME Property versus Labor

EXPENDITURE SHARES
Personal Consumption, Government Consumption, and Saving

CONTRIBUTIONS TO EXPENDITURES
Consumption versus Saving

2. DOMESTIC RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

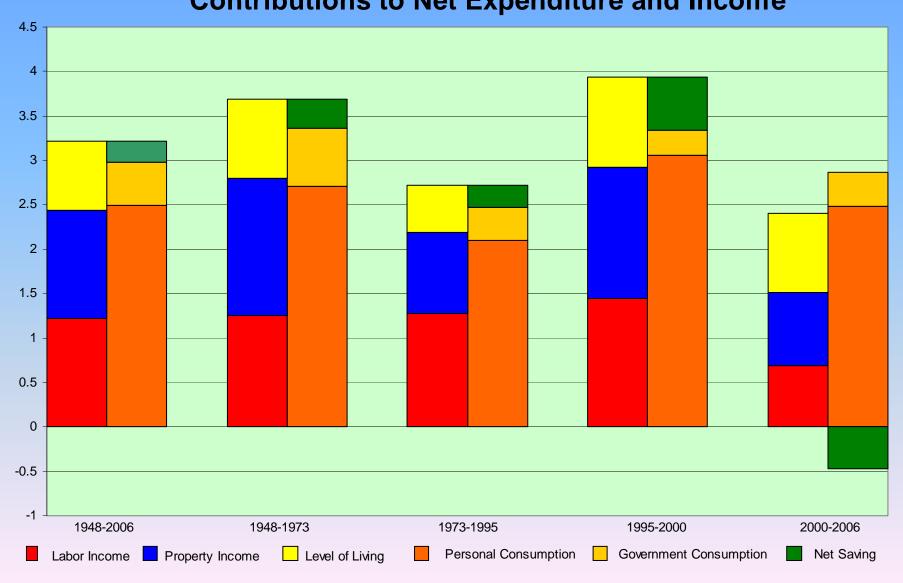
Income, Consumption, and Saving Income and Expenditure Shares



2. DOMESTIC RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

Income, Consumption, and Saving

Contributions to Net Expenditure and Income



4. CAPITAL FORMATION ACCOUNT Investment and Saving

CAPITAL FORMATION SHARES
Private, Government, and Rest of the World Investment

CONTRIBUTIONS TO CAPITAL FORMATION Private versus Government and Rest of the World

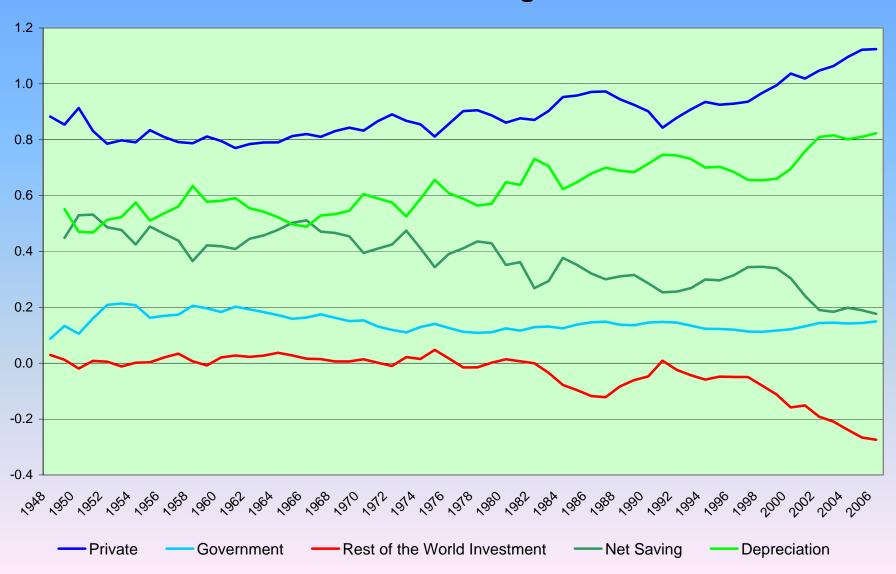
SAVING SHARES
Gross Saving and Depreciation

CONTRIBUTIONS TO SAVING Saving versus Depreciation

4. CAPITAL FORMATION ACCOUNT

Investment and Saving

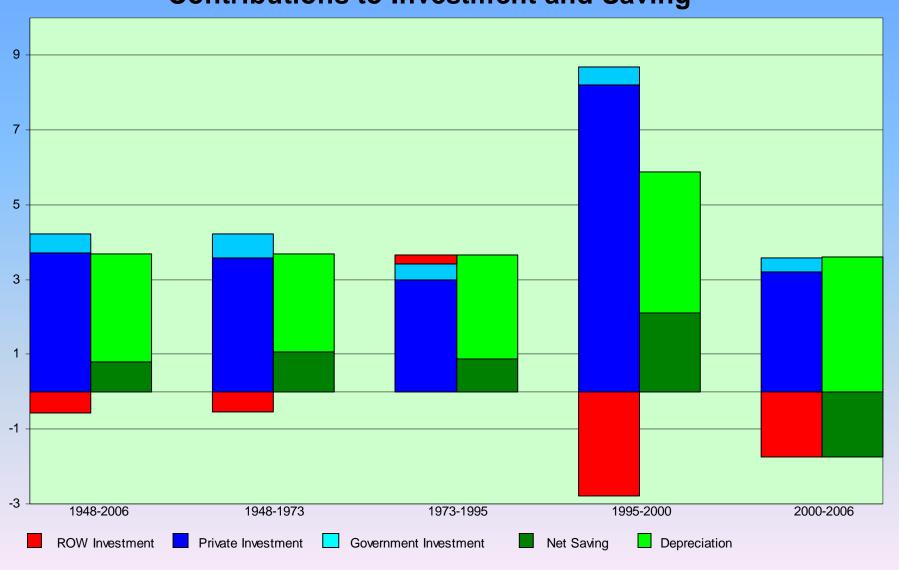
Investment and Saving Shares



4. CAPITAL FORMATION ACCOUNT

Investment and Saving

Contributions to Investment and Saving



6. DOMESTIC BALANCE SHEET

Change in Wealth, Tangible Assets, and the U.S. International Investment Position

SHARE OF CHANGE IN WEALTH
Net Saving and Revaluation

CONTRIBUTIONS TO CHANGE IN WEALTH Saving versus Revaluation

WEALTH SHARES

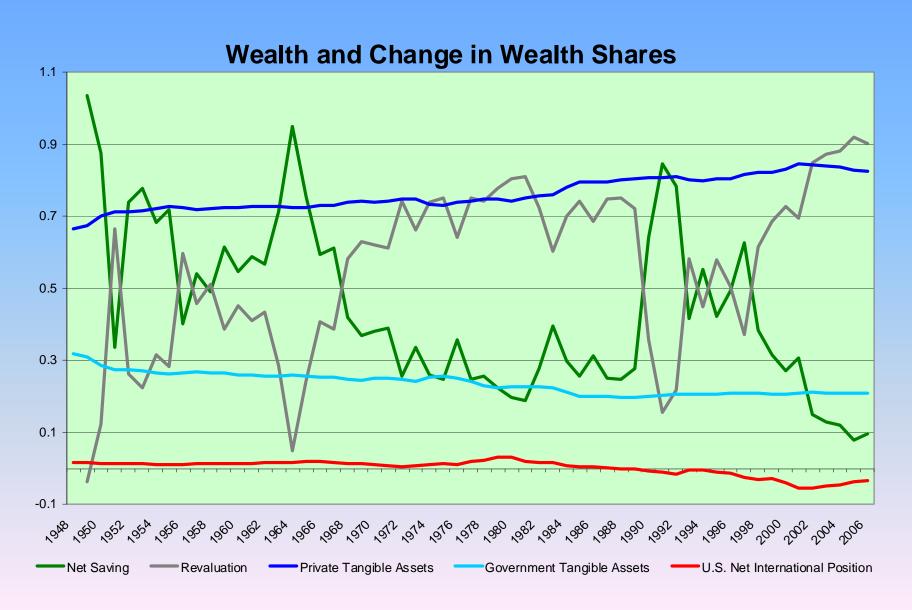
Private and Government Tangible Assets and U.S. Net International Position

CONTRIBUTIONS TO WEALTH

Tangible Assets versus International Position

6. DOMESTIC BALANCE SHEET

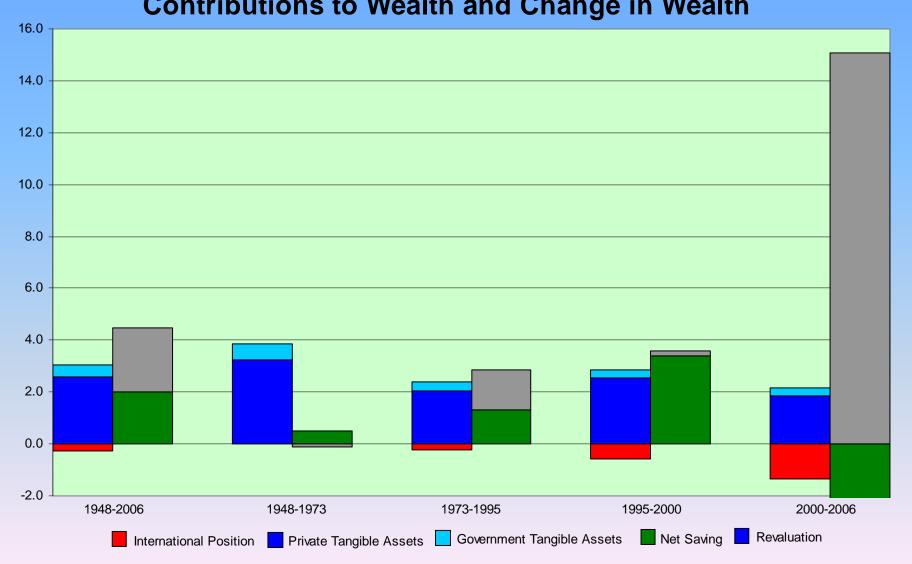
Change in Wealth, Tangible Assets, and the U.S. International Position



6. DOMESTIC BALANCE SHEET

Wealth, Tangible Assets, and the U.S. International Investment Position





A NEW ARCHITECTURE FOR THE U.S. NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

THE PRODUCTION ACCOUNT

Investment, not Productivity, Is the Most Important Source of Growth

THE SAVINGS AND EXPENDITURES ACCOUNT

Economic Welfare Is Measured by Expenditures and Net Saving in Constant Prices

CAPITAL FORMATION AND WEALTH ACCOUNTS

Net Saving Is Declining; Change in Wealth Is Due to Revaluation

NEW OPPORTUNITIES FOR DEVELOPMENT OF THE U.S. STATISTICAL SYSTEM

Non-Market Accounts for Education, Health, and Time Use

Productivity Information Technology and the American Growth Resurgence Dale W. Jorgenson, Mun S. Ho, and Kevin J. Stiroh