The Al-Hiba Publication Project was set up by Holly Pittman after Donald Hansen’s untimely death in 2007 in order to ensure that the results of the excavations and their associative data are preserved in the correct form and are available to the wider scholarly community. The site was first occupied in the third millennium BC, with the peak of occupation in the Early Dynastic period. The excavation was conducted by the Al-Hiba team, and the project is currently ongoing.

In order to illustrate our methodological approach, we have taken a case study which involves the recording of artefacts from the site. The data is recorded in four types of records: type-sheets, day-sheets, drawings, and photographs. Throughout the excavations, all pottery and ceramics were recorded in four separate types of records: type-sheets, day-sheets, drawings, and photographs. The pottery was recorded in a comprehensive manner, including fabric and ware, and was recorded on type-sheets. Trench supervisors were responsible for filling out day-sheets on which they recorded the amount of specific materials found in each baulk. The best preserved specimen of each type was stored on a shelf, and descriptions and information were recorded in the field notebooks.

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