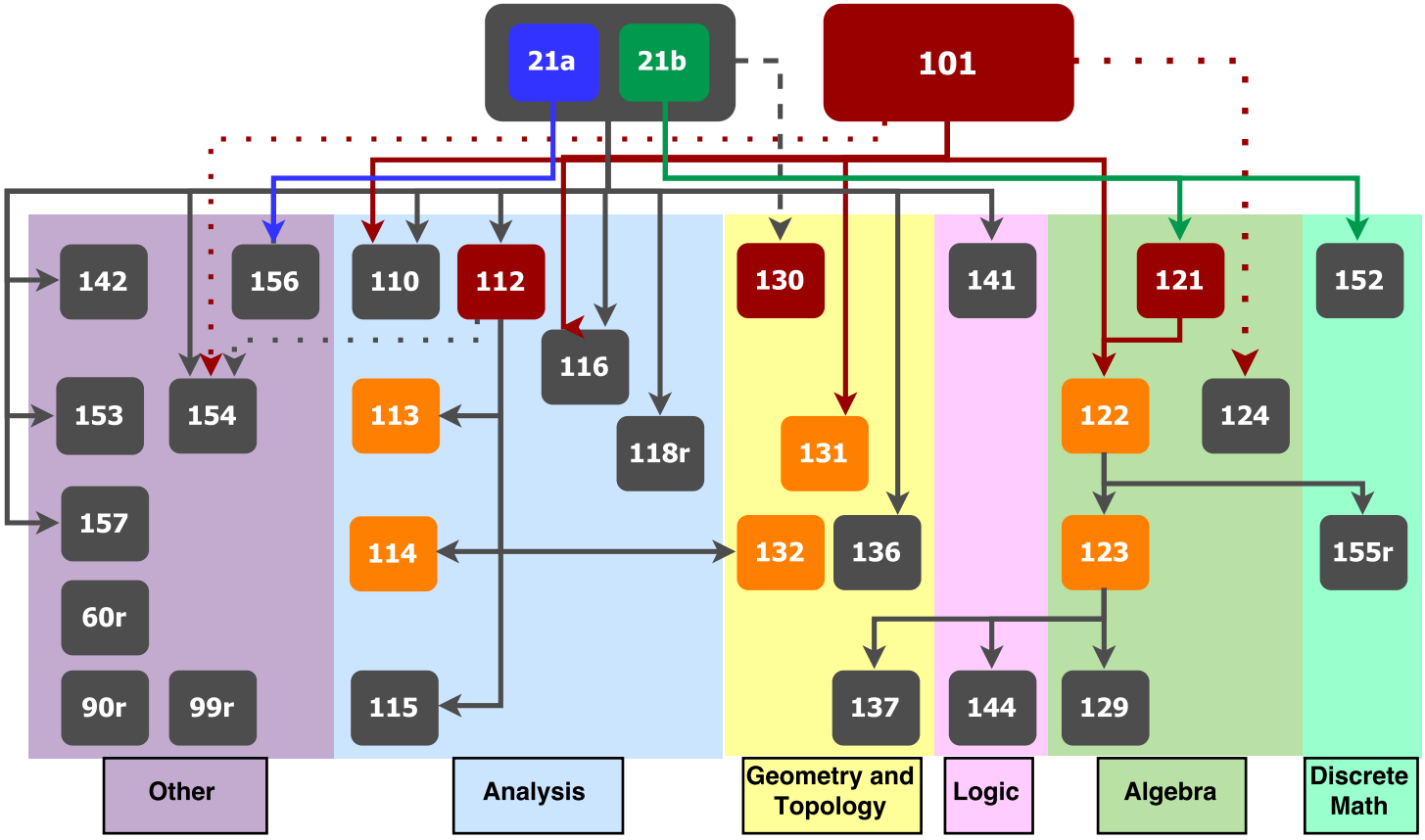
Upper-Level Math Classes



Legend

A → B — Course A is *required* for course B.

A - - → B — Course A is *required* for course B, but can be taken *concurrently*.

A · · · → B — Course A is a *suggested* prerequisite for course B.

A, A' → B — Courses A and A' are *both* required for course B.

A — Introduction to proofs course. See note below.

A — Core math concentration course: math concentrators are encouraged to take at least one in each subject area.

Some graduate-level courses (200 and higher) are available to undergraduates. Please consult the course catalog for details.

Students might also be interested in courses from other disciplines, in which case they might find useful the document "What Courses to Take After Math 18, 19, 21".

Math 101 is an introduction to proofs and a gateway to many higher math courses.
A student can instead take 112, 121 or 130 for an intro to proofs.
(These courses are distinct from 101 and can also be taken after 101.)