

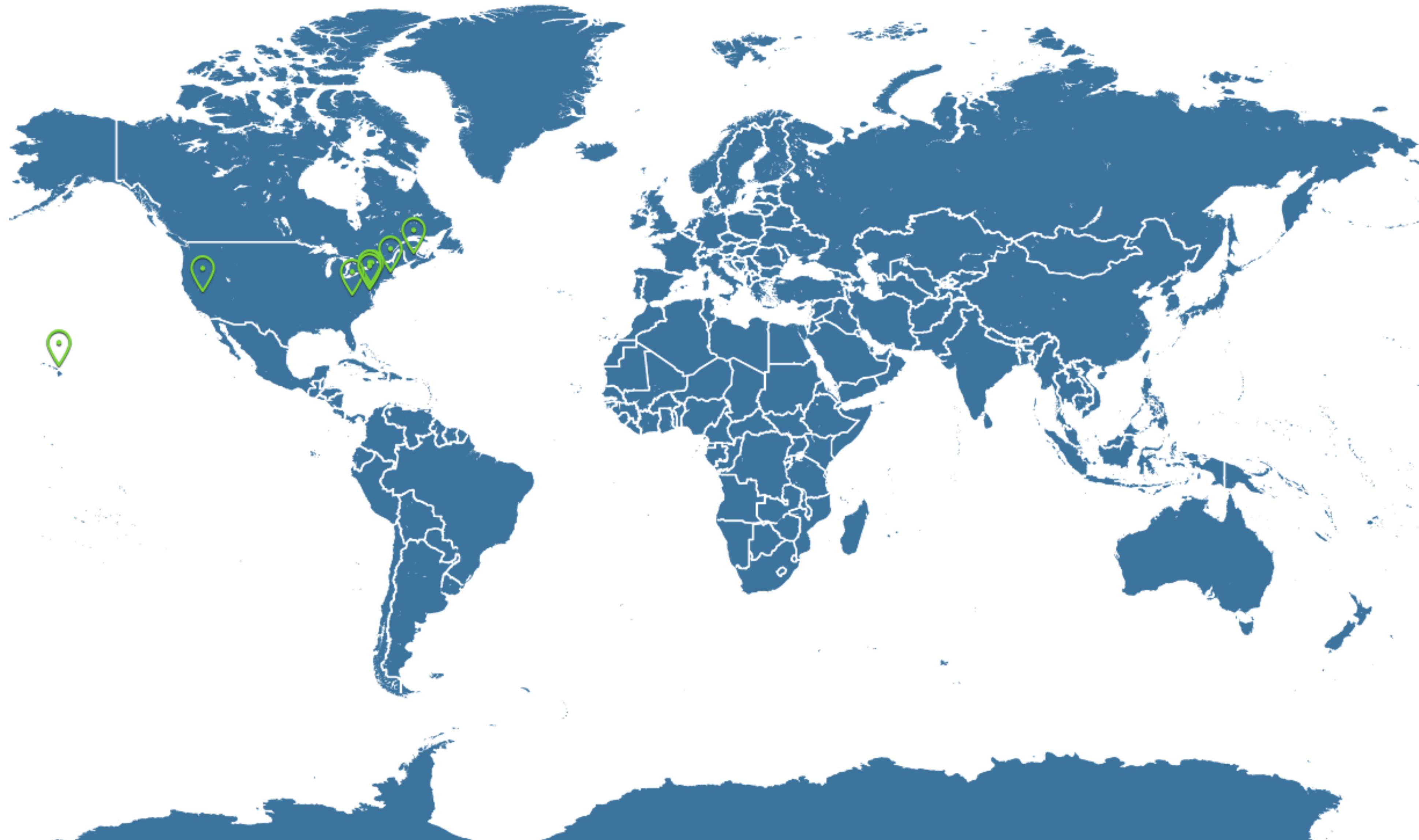


# Your PRISE Universe, 2021

with Prof. Alyssa A. Goodman, Harvard Astronomy



# Where I am right now...





# What are your areas of study? (up to 3, can include name of your concentration, or just your field of interest—but not TOO specific, please)

“ Neuroscience ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Immunology ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Geology ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Racial inequality ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Mathematics ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Government ”  
about 1 year ago

“ astronomy ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Sociology ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Chemistry ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Chemistry ”  
about 1 year ago

“ History of Science ”  
about 1 year ago

“ History of Science ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Electrical Engineering, Computer Science ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Biomedical engineering ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Math ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Math ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Engineering ”  
about 1 year ago

“ physics ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Economics ”  
about 1 year ago

“ biology ”  
about 1 year ago

“ neuroscience ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Genetics ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Chemical and Physical Biology ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Neuroscience ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Human body ”  
about 1 year ago

“ entrepreneurship ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Disease ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Neuroscience ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Infectious Disease ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Biomedical engineering ”  
about 1 year ago

“ STEM ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Computational Biology ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Molecular and Cellular Biology ”  
about 1 year ago

“ astrophysics ”  
about 1 year ago

“ healthcare economics ”  
about 1 year ago

“ data science ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Public Health ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Physics ”  
about 1 year ago

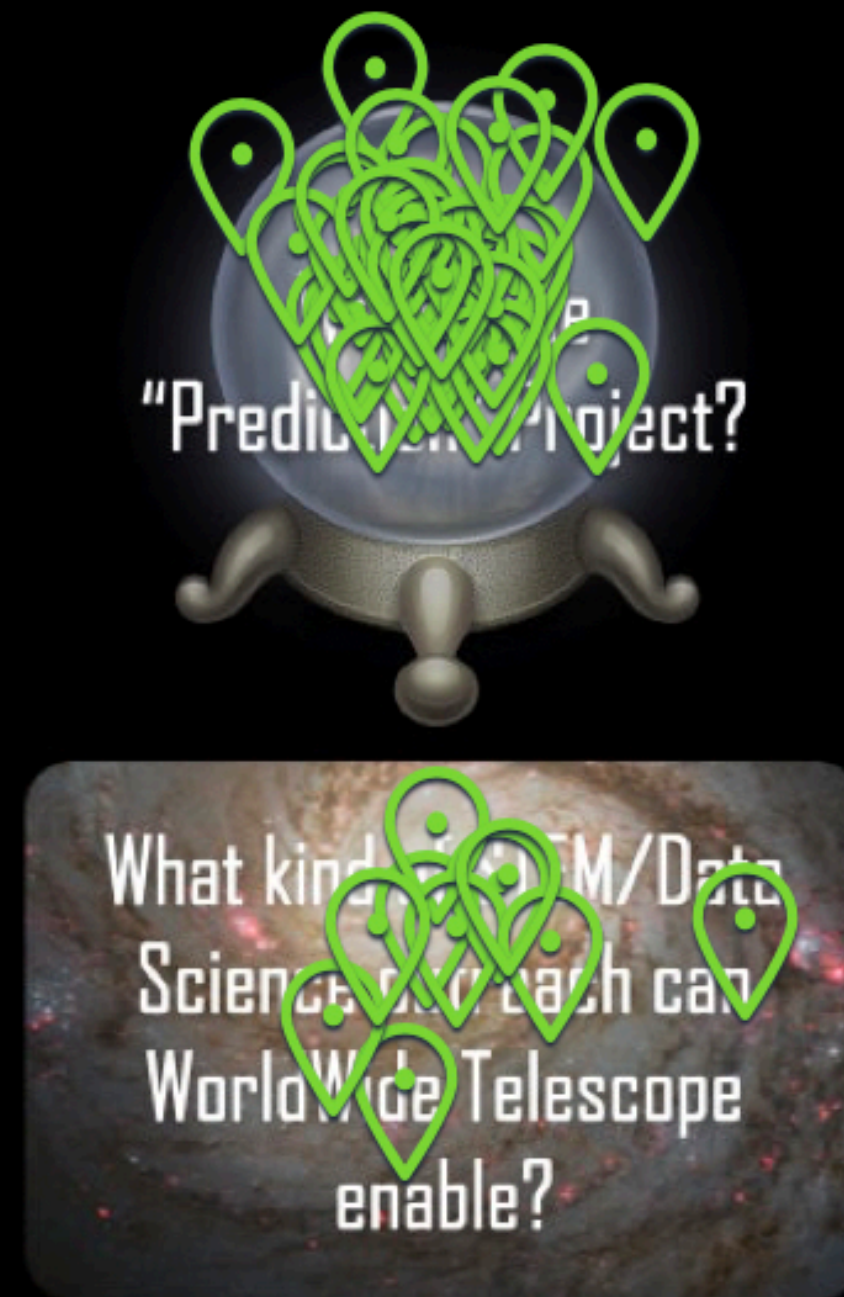
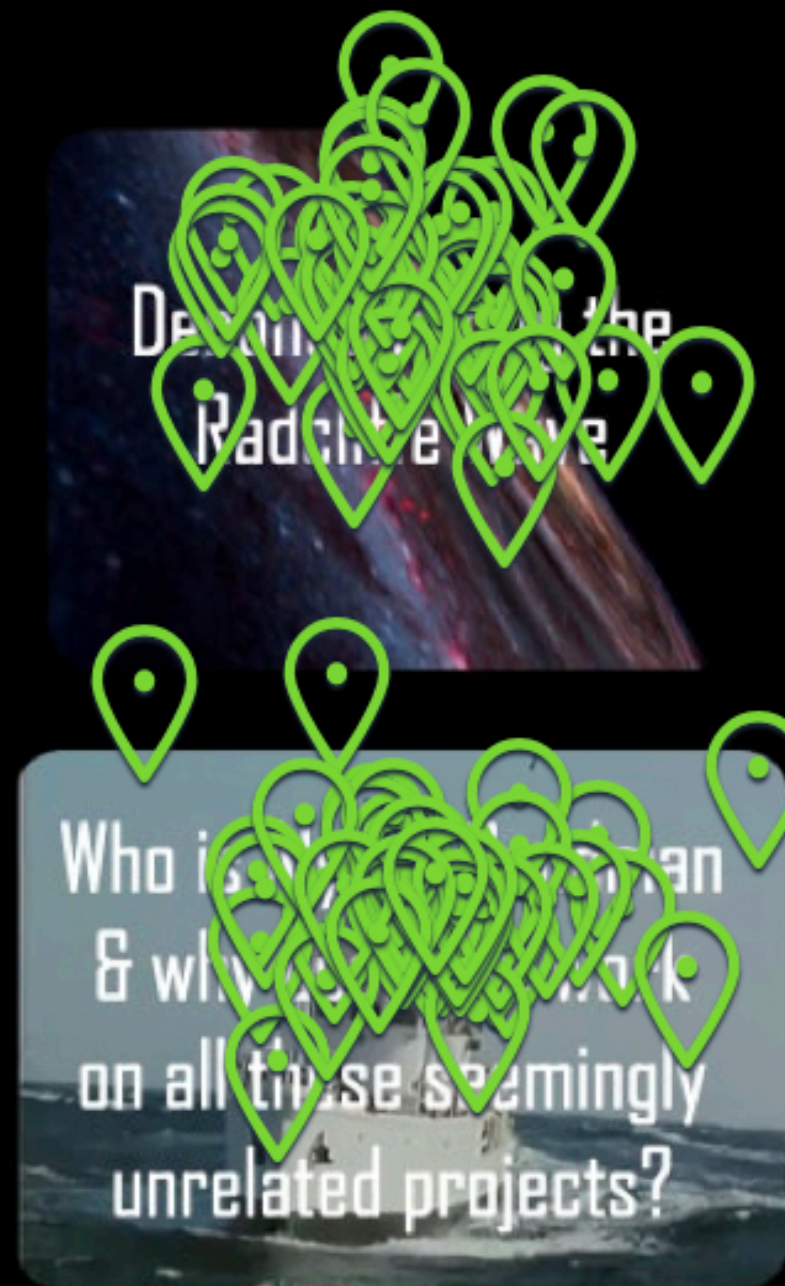
“ History ”  
about 1 year ago

“ Astrophysics ”  
about 1 year ago



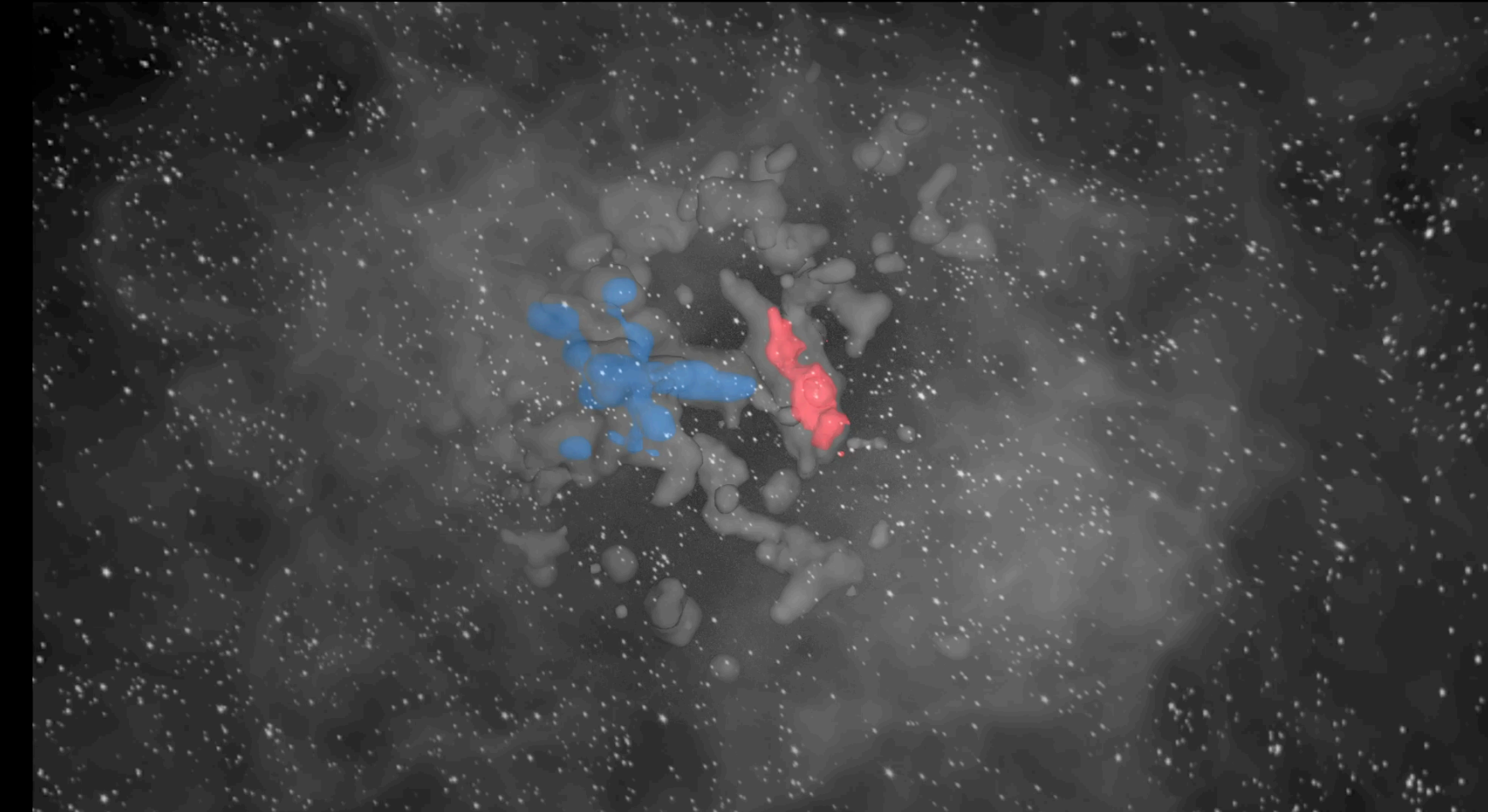
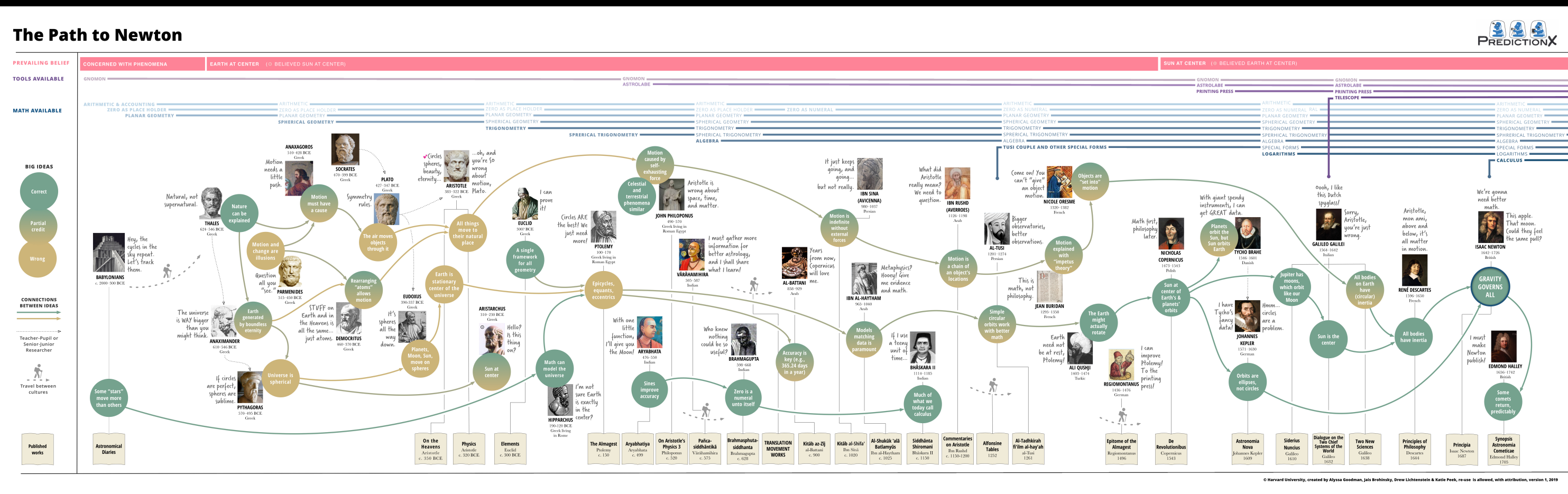
When poll is active, respond at [Pollev.com/prediction](https://Pollev.com/prediction)

# High Tea Menu





# What was I doing today?



**1. Project Title (150 Character Limit including spaces and punctuation):**

The Path to Foundation: Appreciating Science through its History

**2. Executive Summary (1,300 Character Limit including spaces and punctuation):**

The Path to Foundation will tell the stories behind great scientific achievements. Its founding was inspired by a poster and online website known as "The Path to Newton" (PTN). This proposal addresses these questions:

- Which aspects of the Path-to-format (posters, narratives, connections between infographic and narrative, etc.) facilitate the most:
  - engagement;
  - appreciation of the origins and processes of science;
  - content understanding?
- How can we customize formats and curricula to maximize engagement, appreciation, and/or content understanding?
- How do results vary across audiences (e.g. age, role, location, background)?

storyboard(s) for videos to accompany:

Zucker et al. 2021 (submitted to ApJ)

Bialy et al. 2021 (in press ApJL)

& Zucker et al. 2021 (in prep for Nature)



# The Path to Newton

PREVAILING BELIEF

CONCERNED WITH PHENOMENA | EARTH AT CENTER (☉ BELIEVED SUN AT CENTER)

TOOLS AVAILABLE

GNOMON

GNOMON  
ASTROLABE

MATH AVAILABLE

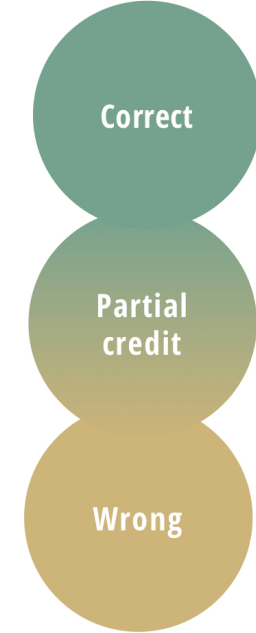
ARITHMETIC & ACCOUNTING  
ZERO AS PLACE HOLDER  
PLANAR GEOMETRY

ARITHMETIC  
ZERO AS PLACE HOLDER  
PLANAR GEOMETRY  
SPHERICAL GEOMETRY

ARITHMETIC  
ZERO AS PLACE HOLDER  
PLANAR GEOMETRY  
SPHERICAL GEOMETRY  
TRIGONOMETRY

SPRERICAL TRIGONOMETRY  
ALGEBRA

BIG IDEAS



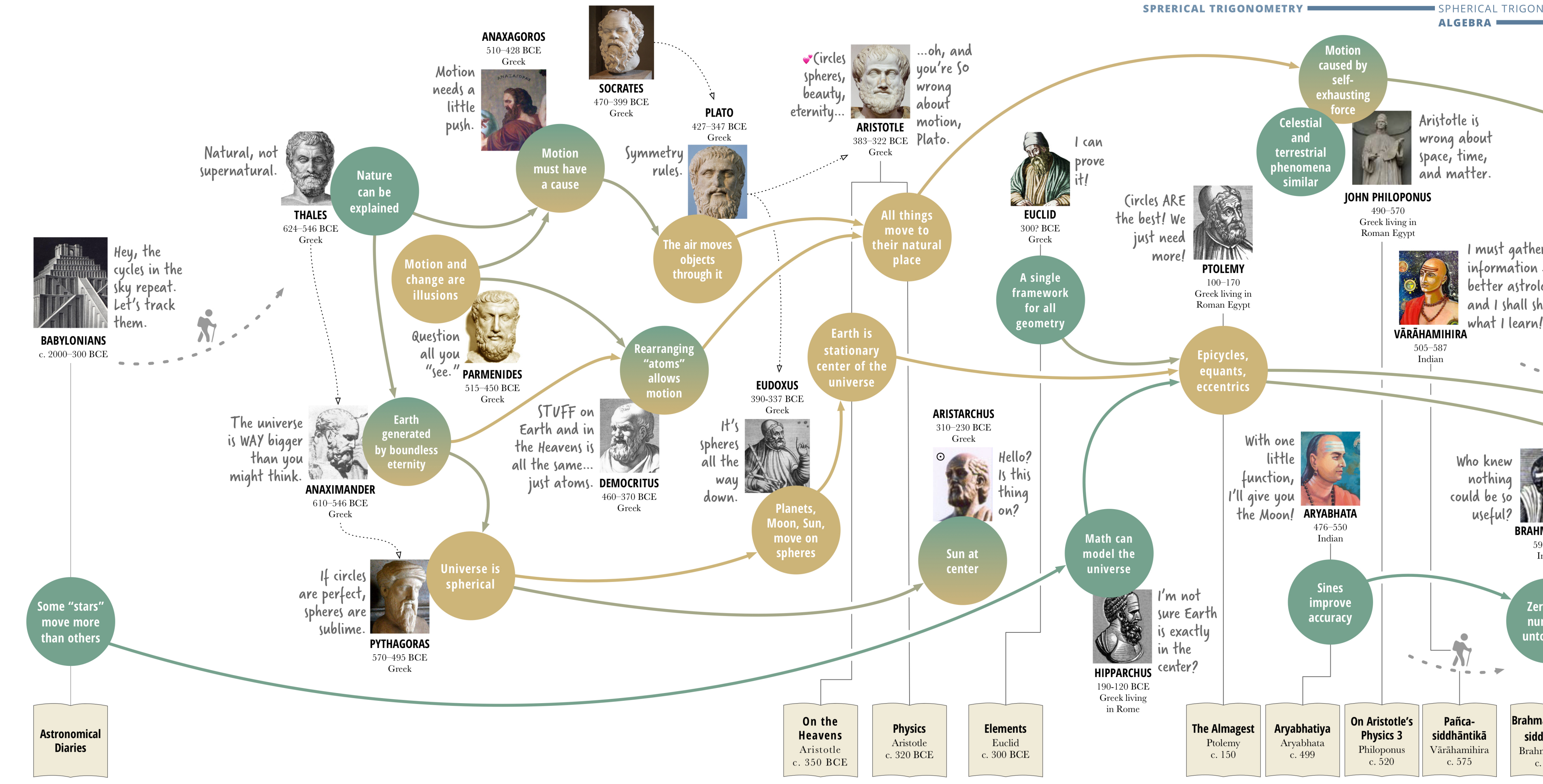
CONNECTIONS BETWEEN IDEAS



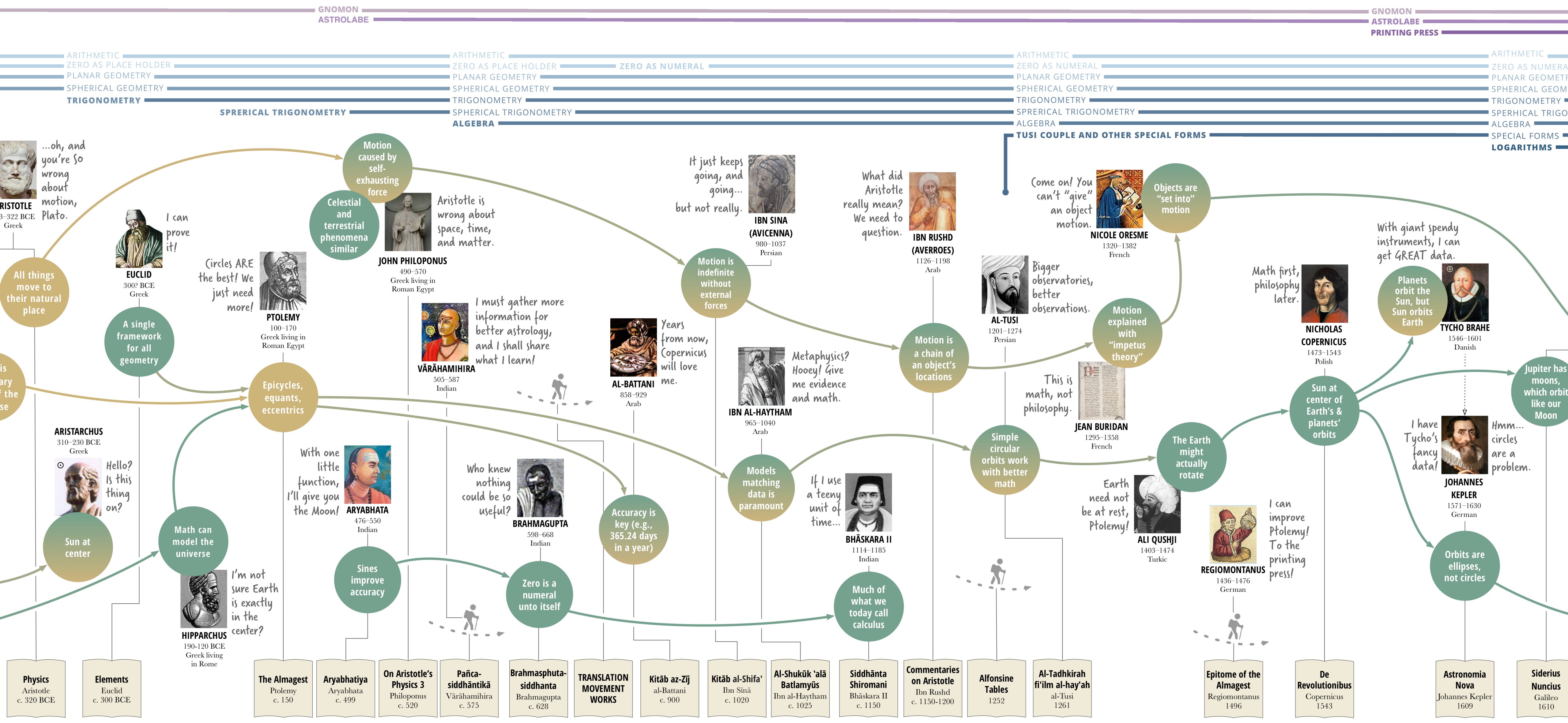
Teacher-Pupil or Senior-Junior Researcher



Published works

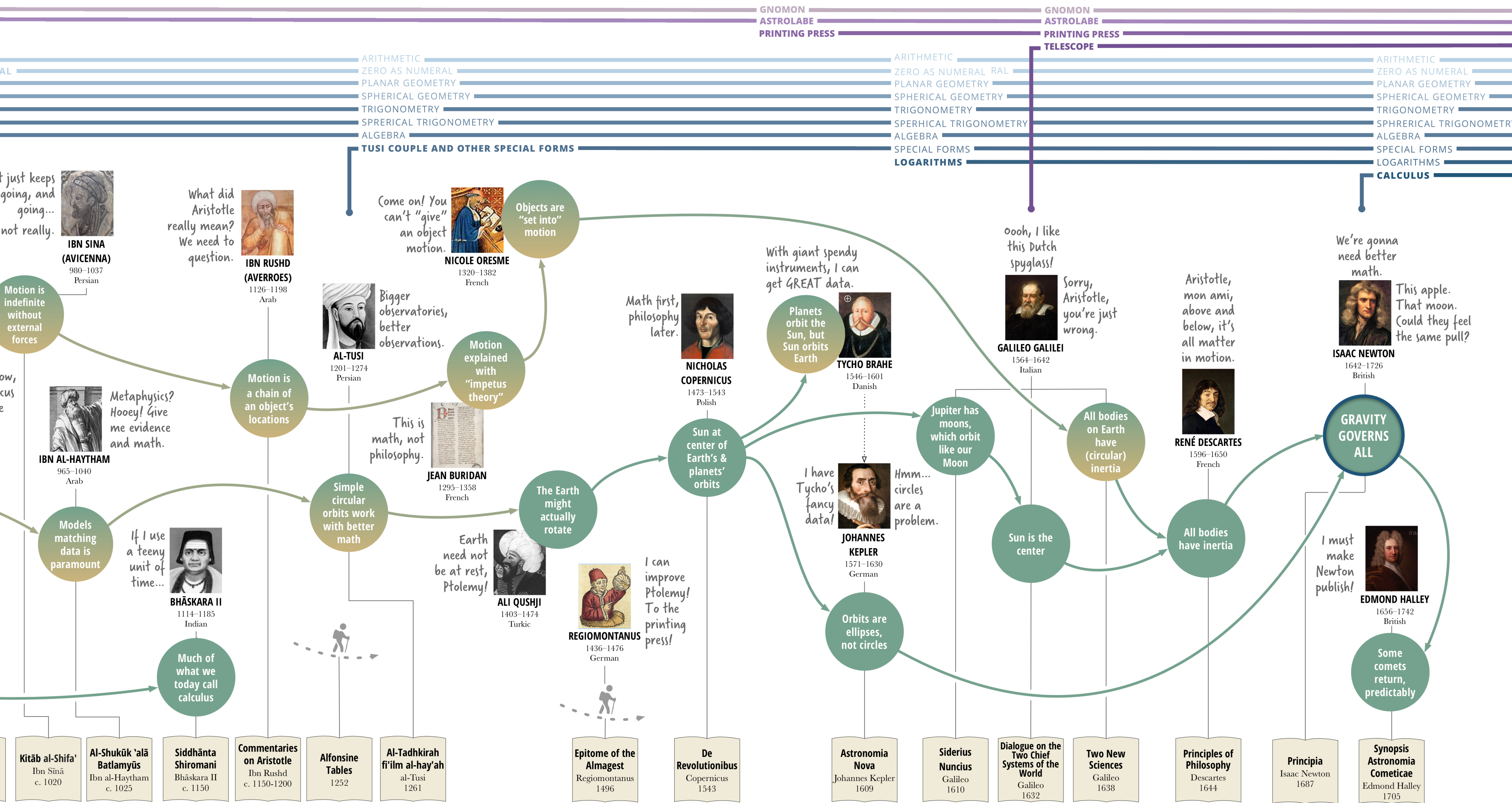








SUN AT CENTER (⊕ BELIEVED EARTH AT CENTER)





# THE **PERSEUS**-**TAURUS**

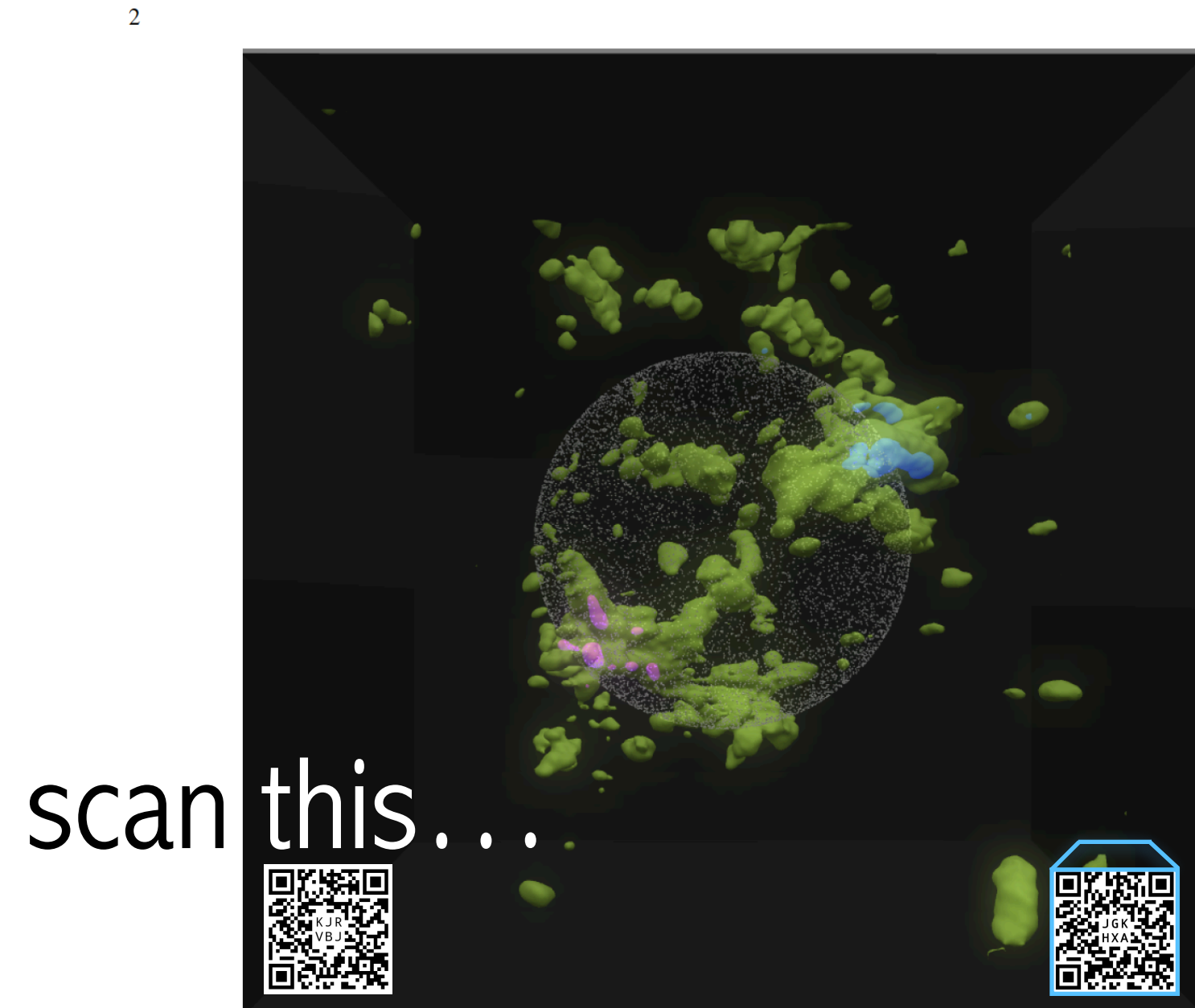
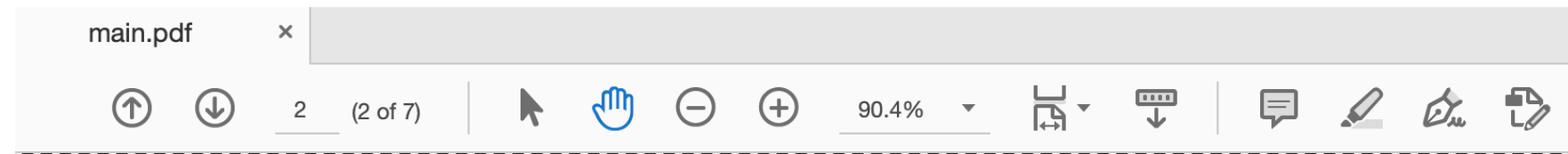
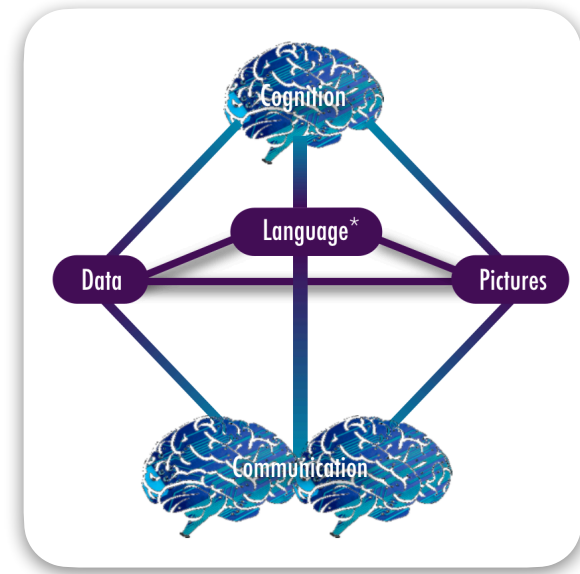
# SUPERSHELL

# IN SPACE

brought to you in 2021 by an international team of scientists from  
Center for Astrophysics | Harvard & Smithsonian, Harvard Radcliffe Institute, University of Vienna, University of Wisconsin,  
Max-Planck Institute, Ludwig Maximilian University, and technology from ESA, NASA, NSF and Delightex.

animation by Jasen Lux Chambers





scan this...

...see this

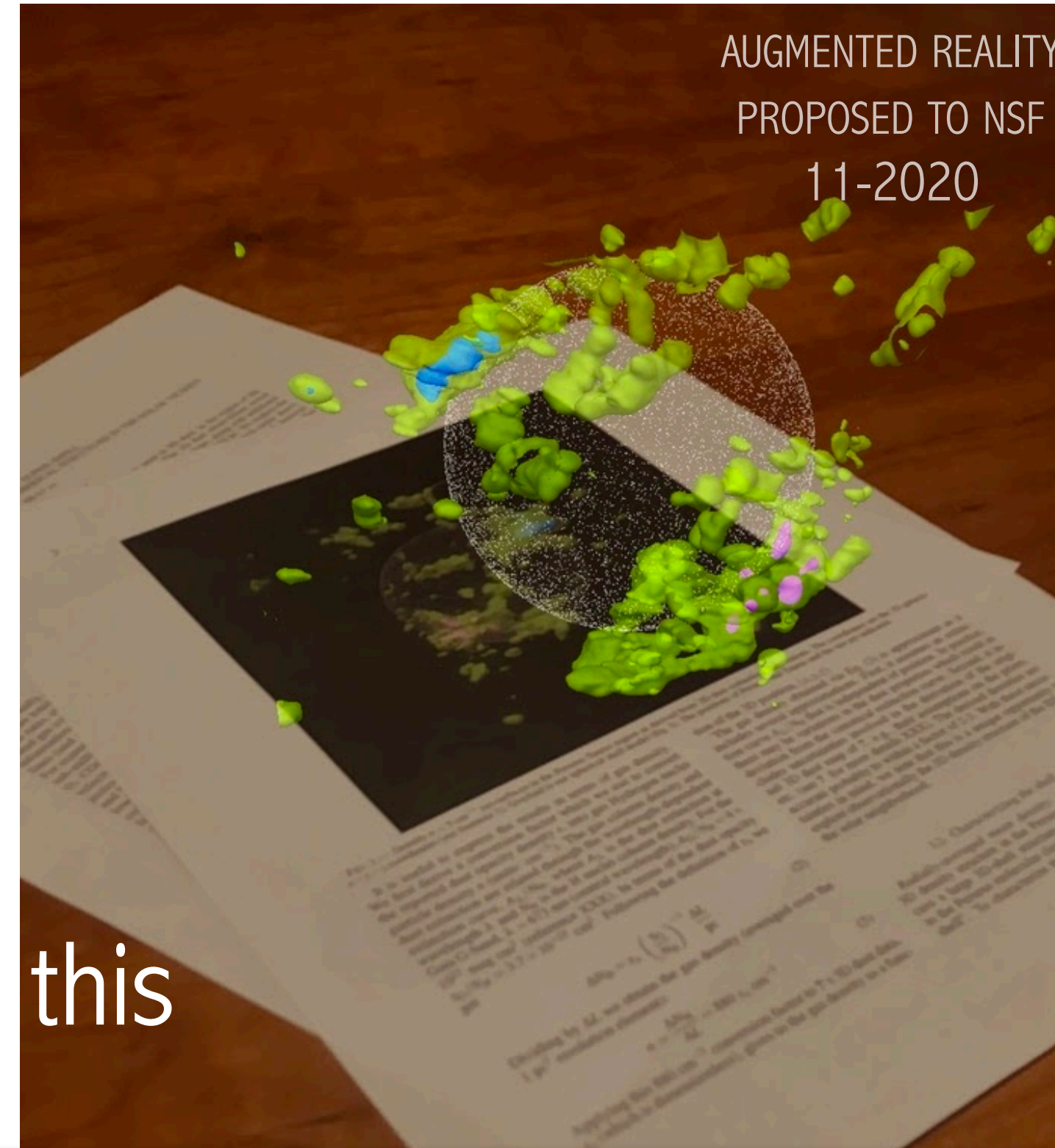


FIG. 1.— Density  $n = 5 \text{ cm}^{-3}$  iso-surfaces in the Perseus-Taurus region as derived from 3D-dust extinction observations. The coordinates are the 3D galactic  $x-y-z$  coordinates (see footnote 1). Overlaid is our spherical shell model (Eq. 5). The positions of Perseus and Taurus and the sun are indicated.

It is useful to express the results in terms of gas density. We first derive a conversion factor which we use to convert the reported dust opacity density  $s$ , into gas Hydrogen nuclei particle density  $n$  (units:  $\text{cm}^{-3}$ ). The gas column density and dust extinction are related through the wavelength-dependent extinction curve,  $A_\lambda/N_H$ , where  $A_\lambda$  is the dust extinction at wavelength  $\lambda$  and  $N_H$  is the H nuclei column density. For the Gaia G-band,  $\lambda = 673 \text{ nm}$  (central wavelength),  $A_G/N_H = 4 \times 10^{22} \text{ mag cm}^2$  (reference XXX). In terms of the dust opacity  $\tau_G/N_H = 3.7 \times 10^{-22} \text{ cm}^2$ . Following the definition of  $s_x$  we get

$$\Delta N_H = s_x \left( \frac{\tau_G}{N_H} \right)^{-1} \frac{\Delta L}{\text{pc}}. \quad (2)$$

Dividing by  $\Delta L$  we obtain the gas density (averaged over the  $1 \text{ pc}^3$  resolution element):

$$n = \frac{\Delta N_H}{\Delta L} = 880 s_x \text{ cm}^{-3}. \quad (3)$$

tion of the 3D position,  $(x, y, z)$ .

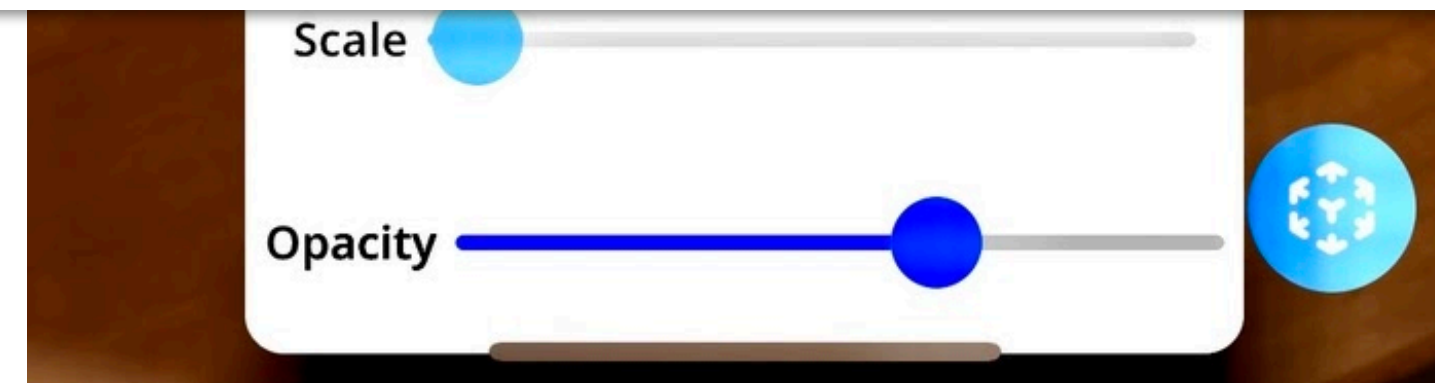
The gas density obtained via Eq. (3) is approximate as it includes several approximations. First, it assumes an extinction curve  $A_\lambda/N_H$  that is independent of position. In practice, there may be variations in the dust properties which result in deviation from the canonical extinction curve. Second, it includes uncertainties involved in the derivation of the original 3D dust map of ?, e.g., their assumptions on the priors, etc. (see ? for more details XXX). The derived densities are accurate probably to within a factor of 2-3. With these uncertainties in mind, we note that this is a unique opportunity to explore observationally the 3D density structure of the ISM in the solar neighborhood.

### 3.2. Characterizing the shell profile

*Radially-averaged mean density:* In §4 we explore the 3D density structure in the Perseus-Taurus region, and discuss a large 3D-shell structure, extending from the Taurus

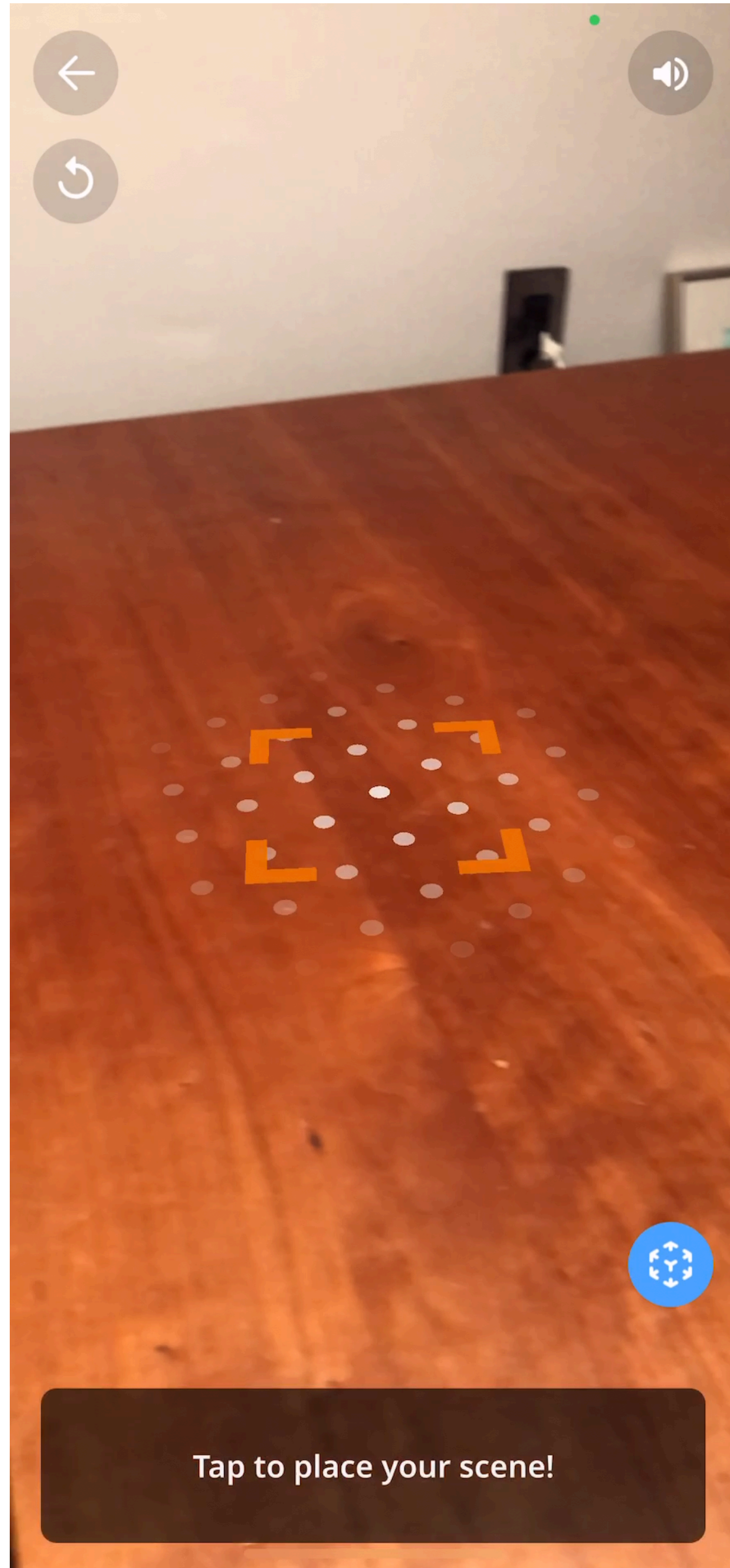
**THE PER-TAU SHELL:  
A GIANT STAR-FORMING SPHERICAL SHELL REVEALED BY 3D DUST OBSERVATIONS**

SHMUEL BIALY<sup>1\*</sup>, CATHERINE ZUCKER<sup>1</sup>, ALYSSA GOODMAN<sup>1,2</sup>, MICHAEL M. FOLEY<sup>1</sup>, JOÃO ALVES<sup>2,3</sup>, VADIM A. SEMENOV<sup>1</sup>,  
ROBERT BENJAMIN<sup>4</sup>, REIMAR LEIKE<sup>5,6</sup>, TORSTEN ENßLIN<sup>5,6</sup>



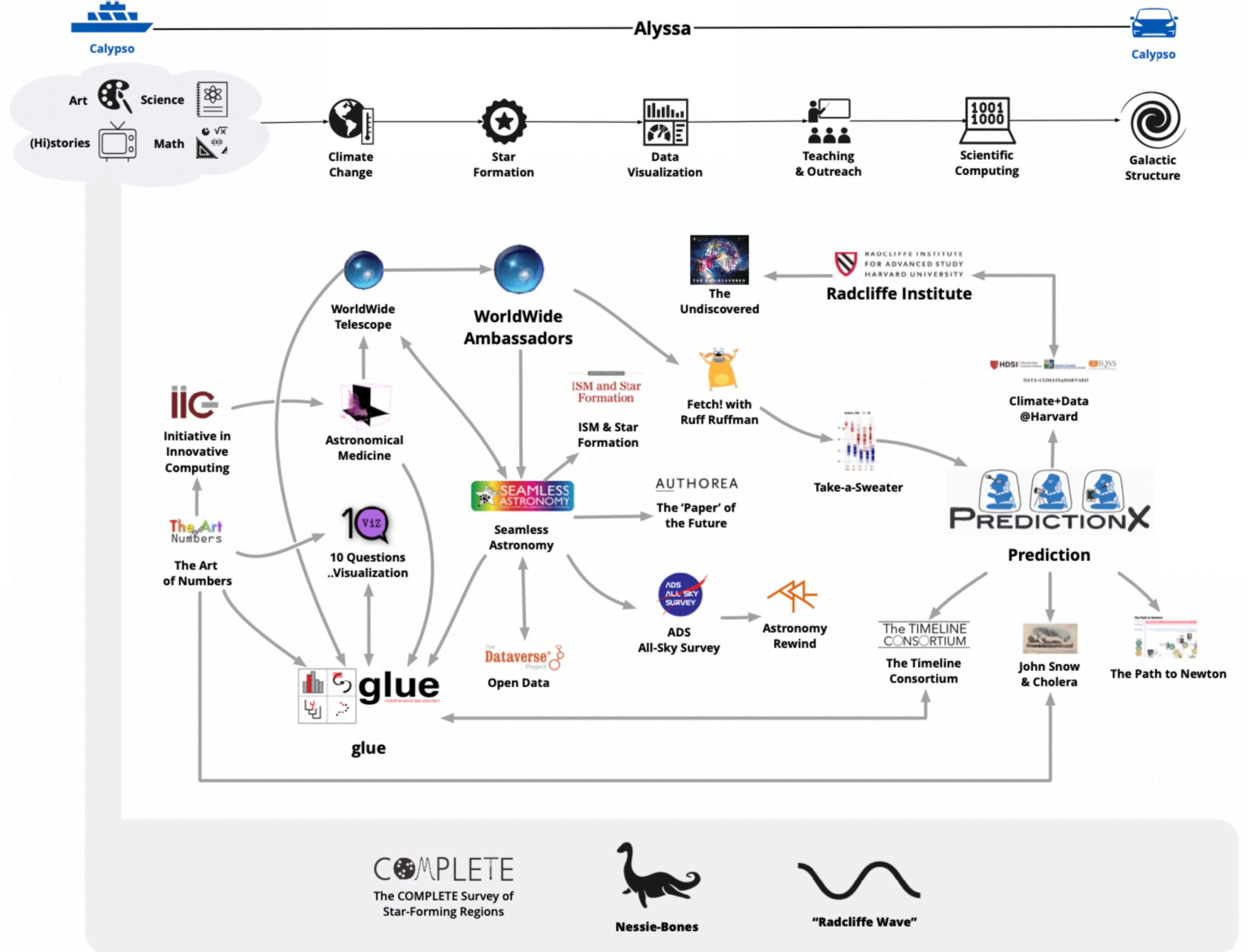


# AA S PUBLISHING'S INTERACTIVE CUTTING-EDGE & (AUGMENTED) FUTURE





It really does  
all fit together,  
I promise.





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HARVARD & SMITHSONIAN

PRODUCER: ALYSSA GOODMAN

WRITER : NADIA WHITEHEAD

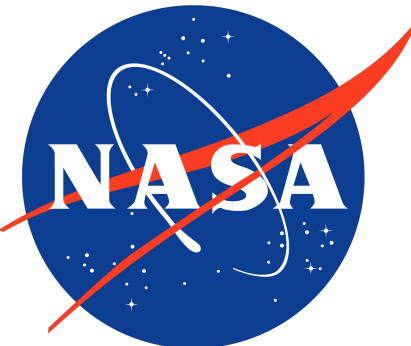
CONTRIBUTORS: CATHERINE ZUCKER, SHMUEL BIALY, MIKE FOLEY

ANIMATION: JASEN LUX CHAMBERS

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Augmented Reality

