

Which is correct?

Alex and Morgan were asked to simplify $\frac{5}{x+2} + \frac{x}{x+3}$

Alex's "add the numerators and the denominators" way

$$\frac{5}{x+2} + \frac{x}{x+3}$$

$$\frac{5+x}{2x+5}$$

I added the numerator plus the numerator and the denominator plus the denominator. Here is my answer.



Morgan's "find a common denominator" way

$$\frac{5}{x+2} + \frac{x}{x+3}$$

$$\frac{5}{(x+2)(x+3)} + \frac{x}{(x+2)(x+3)}$$

$$\frac{5(x+3)}{(x+2)(x+3)} + \frac{x(x+2)}{(x+2)(x+3)}$$

$$\frac{5x+15}{(x+2)(x+3)} + \frac{x^2+2x}{(x+2)(x+3)}$$

$$\frac{5x+15+x^2+2x}{(x+2)(x+3)}$$

$$\frac{x^2+7x+15}{x^2+5x+6}$$

First I found a common denominator.

Then I multiplied to find the values for the numerators.

I used the distributive property to expand the expression in the numerator of each term.

I added the terms.

I combined like terms in the numerator to simplify the expression. Here is my answer.



- * How did Alex simplify the expression?
- * How did Morgan simplify the expression?
- * Whose answer is correct, Alex's or Morgan's? How do you know?
- * What are some similarities and differences between Alex's and Morgan's ways?
- * Can you state a general rule that describes what you have learned from comparing Alex's and Morgan's ways of simplifying this expression?

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Morgan's "find a common denominator" way

$$\frac{5+x}{x+2+x+3}$$

$$\frac{5(x+3) + x(x+2)}{(x+2)(x+3)}$$

I added the numerator plus the numerator and denominator plus the denominator. Here is:



Hey Alex, what did we learn from comparing these right and wrong ways?

First I found a common denominator.

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When adding or subtracting fractions, find a common denominator (such as the LCM of the denominators). Don't just add or subtract the denominators; this will likely give you the wrong answer.



combined like terms in the numerator to simplify the expression. Here is my answer.

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- * What are some similarities and differences between Alex's and Morgan's ways?
- * Can you state a general rule that describes what you have learned from comparing Alex's and Morgan's ways of simplifying this expression?

1a	How did Alex simplify the expression?

1b	How did Morgan simplify the expression?

2	Whose answer is correct, Alex's or Morgan's? How do you know?

3	What are some similarities and differences between Alex's and Morgan's ways?

4	Can you state a general rule that describes what you have learned from comparing Alex's and Morgan's ways?

Which is better?

Alex and Morgan were asked to simplify $\frac{6}{2x^2} - \frac{3}{3x^2}$

Alex's "find a common denominator first" way

Morgan's "simplify each term first" way

First I found a common denominator.

I found the number that the denominator of each term must be multiplied by to get the common denominator. Then I multiplied the numerator of each term by this number to get the new numerators.

I subtracted 18 minus 6, and I got 12.

I simplified my expression. Here is my answer.



$$\frac{6}{2x^2} - \frac{3}{3x^2}$$

↓

$$\frac{6}{6x^2} - \frac{6}{6x^2}$$

↓

$$\frac{18}{6x^2} - \frac{6}{6x^2}$$

↓

$$\frac{12}{6x^2}$$

↓

$$\frac{2}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{6}{2x^2} - \frac{3}{3x^2}$$

↓

$$\frac{3}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^2}$$

↓

$$\frac{2}{x^2}$$

First I simplified each term.

Then I subtracted 3 minus 1 to get 2 in the numerator. Here is my answer.



- * How did Alex simplify the expression?
- * How did Morgan simplify the expression?
- * What are some similarities and differences between Alex's and Morgan's ways?
- * On a timed test, would you rather use Alex's way or Morgan's way? Why?

Which is better?

Alex and Morgan were asked to simplify $\frac{6}{2x^2} - \frac{3}{3x^2}$

Alex's "find a common denominator first" way

Morgan's "simplify each term first" way

First I found a common denominator.

I found the denominator of each term and multiplied each term by the new denominator.

I subtracted the numerators to get 3 over 2x squared.

I simplified the expression to get my answer.



Hey Morgan, what did we learn from comparing these two ways?

First I simplified each term.

I subtracted the numerators to get 2 over 3x squared.



Simplifying the numerator and the denominator of the fraction first can make simplifying expressions with algebraic fractions easier.

- * How did Alex simplify the expression?
- * How did Morgan simplify the expression?
- * What are some similarities and differences between Alex's and Morgan's ways?
- * On a timed test, would you rather use Alex's way or Morgan's way? Why?

1a How did Alex simplify the expression?

1b How did Morgan simplify the expression?

2 What are some similarities and differences between Alex's and Morgan's ways?

3 On a timed test, would you rather use Alex's way or Morgan's way? Why?

Which is correct?

Alex and Morgan were asked to simplify $\frac{x^2 + 6x + 9}{x + 3} = 10$

Alex's "cross-multiply first" way

Morgan's "'cancel' first" way

First I cross-multiplied.

I distributed on the right-hand side.

I subtracted on either side of the equation to solve for zero.

I factored the expression on the left.

Here is my answer. I did not include -3 because it makes the denominator equal to zero.

$$\frac{x^2 + 6x + 9}{x + 3} = 10$$

↓

$$x^2 + 6x + 9 = 10(x + 3)$$

↓

$$x^2 + 6x + 9 = 10x + 30$$

↓

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 + 6x + 9 = 10x + 30 \\ -10x - 30 \quad -10x - 30 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$x^2 - 4x - 21 = 0$$

↓

$$(x - 7)(x + 3) = 0$$

↓

$$x = 7, x = -\cancel{3}$$



$$\overset{x}{\cancel{x}^2} + \overset{2x}{6x} + \overset{3}{9} = 10$$

↓

$$x + 2x + 3 = 10$$

↓

$$3x + 3 = 10$$

↓

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 3 = 10 \\ -3 \quad -3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$3x = 7$$

↓

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{7}{3}$$

↓

$$x = \frac{7}{3}$$



First I simplified the expression on the left. I did x^2 divided by x equals x , $6x$ divided by 3 equals $2x$, and 9 divided by 3 equals 3 .

Then I combined like terms.

I subtracted 3 on either side of the equation.

Then I divided by 3 on both sides. Here is my answer.

- * How did Alex solve the equation?
- * How did Morgan solve the equation?
- * Whose answer is correct, Alex's or Morgan's? How do you know?
- * What are some similarities and differences between Alex's and Morgan's ways?
- * Can you state a general rule that describes what you have learned from comparing Alex's and Morgan's ways?

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It's not OK to 'cancel' terms that are being added or subtracted in the numerator and the denominator of a fraction.



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1a How did Alex simplify the expression?

1b How did Morgan simplify the expression?

2 Whose answer is correct, Alex's or Morgan's? How do you know?

3 What are some similarities and differences between Alex's and Morgan's ways?

4 Can you state a general rule that describes what you have learned from comparing Alex's and Morgan's ways of solving this equation?

Why does it work?

Alex and Morgan were asked to simplify $\frac{7}{a} \div \frac{b}{c}$

Alex's "divide first" way

Morgan's "multiply by the reciprocal" way

First I rewrote the division problem in fraction notation.

Then I multiplied the numerator and the denominator by the reciprocal of the denominator, c/b . The terms in the denominator canceled out.

I multiplied the terms in the numerator to get my answer.



$$\frac{7}{a} \div \frac{b}{c}$$



$$\frac{7}{a}$$

$$\frac{b}{c}$$

$$\frac{b}{c}$$

$$\frac{b}{c}$$

$$\frac{b}{c}$$

$$\frac{b}{c}$$

$$\frac{7}{a} \cdot \frac{c}{b}$$

$$\frac{7c}{ab}$$

$$\frac{7c}{ab}$$

$$\frac{7c}{ab}$$

$$\frac{7}{a} \div \frac{b}{c}$$



$$\frac{7}{a} \cdot \frac{c}{b}$$

$$\frac{7c}{ab}$$

$$\frac{7c}{ab}$$

First I rewrote the problem as multiplication by the reciprocal of b/c , which is c/b .

I multiplied the terms in the numerator and denominator together, and I got my answer.



- * How did Alex simplify the expression?
- * How did Morgan simplify the expression?
- * Why do the terms in the denominator cancel out in Alex's second step?
- * What are some similarities and differences between Alex's and Morgan's ways?
- * Even though Alex and Morgan did different first steps, why did they both get the same answer?

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Then I multiplied the numerator and the denominator by the reciprocal of the divisor.

The terms in the denominator cancel.

I'm left with the simplified expression.

So the simplified expression is $\frac{7c}{ab}$.

That's the answer!

Hey Alex, what did comparing these two examples help us to see?

These examples help us see that dividing is the same thing as multiplying by the reciprocal.

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How did Morgan simplify the expression?

Why do the terms in the denominator cancel in Alex's second example?

What are some similarities and differences between Alex's and Morgan's ways?

Even though Alex and Morgan did different first steps, why did they both get the same answer?

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