Collaboration in Science and Technology

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Harvard IT Summit, June 4, 2015 @mercecrosas

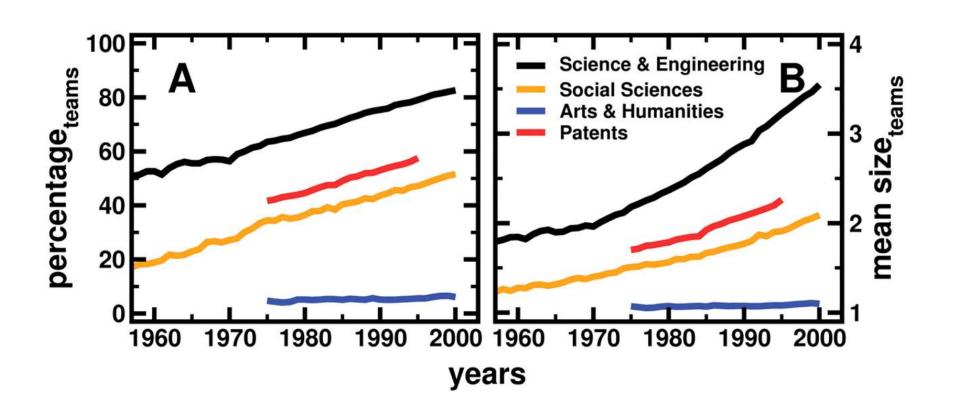


This Talk

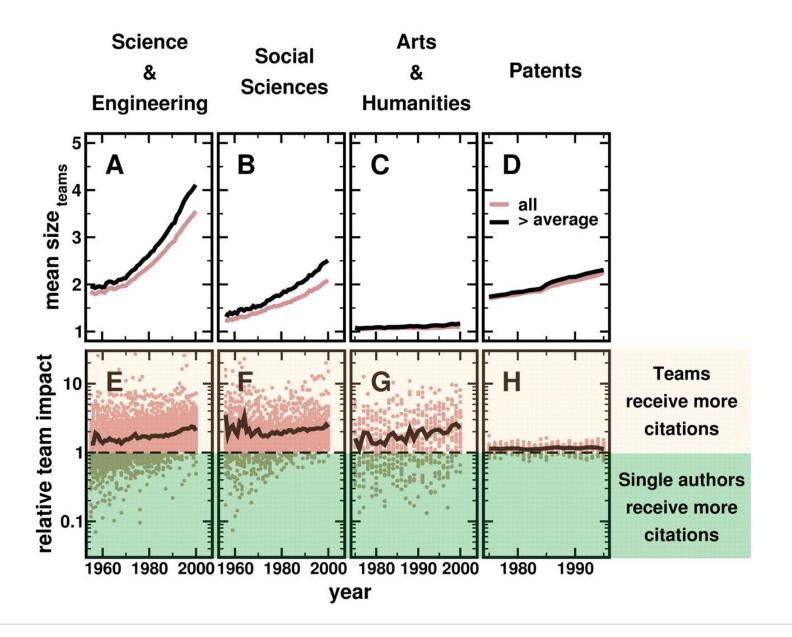
- 1. Increase in collaboration
- 2. What makes teams and collaborations work better
- 3. How collaboration relates to women
- 4. Why it is important for world's global progress

Increase in Collaboration

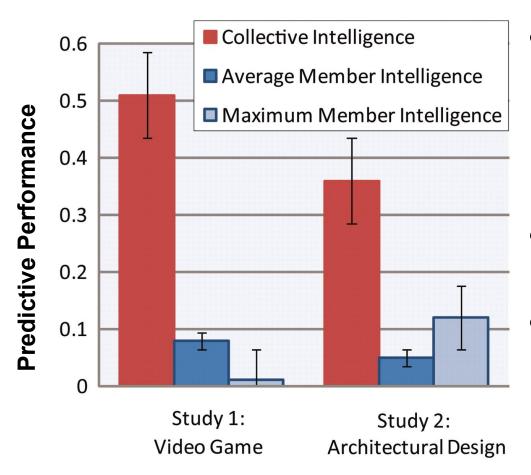
More and Larger Teams than ever Before



Study used 19.9M papers and 2.1M patents over 50 years



Collective Intelligence



- Collective Intelligence (group ability) MORE
 PREDICTIVE of group
 performance than
 individuals IQ
- Collective intelligence=/= average member IQ
- Higher collective intelligence
 =/= groups with high IQ
 members

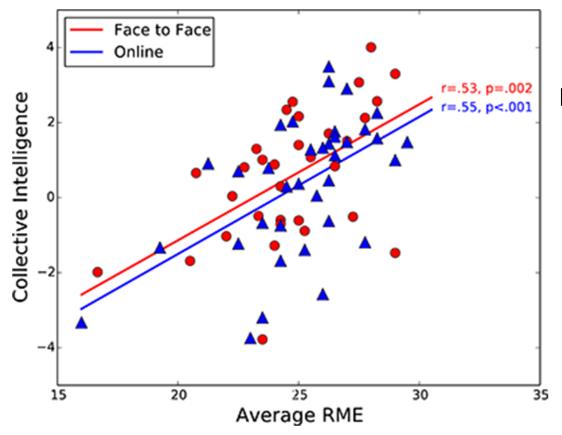
Source: Wooley, Chabris, Pentland, Hashmi, Malone, 2010. Evidence for Collective Intelligence Factor in the Performance of Human Groups. Science

What Makes Teams and Collaborations Work Better

What Optimizes Collective Intelligence

Study shows that teams perform better with:

- Shared Discourse: Members contribute more equally to team, rather than a few members dominate
- Social Cognition: Members have the ability to read and respond to social cues
- More women in the team



Follow up study shows:

 Collective intelligence results are similar for faceto-face and online teams.

Social Connection

"We all work as a family because she treats us as such."

"She knows everyone in the office and has a personal relationship with each one of us."

"She does not get upset when we make mistakes but gives us the time to learn how to analyze and fix the situation."

"less emotionally connected" = "less likely to be productive"

(About Archana Patchirajan, founder of technology startups)

What Lies at the Root of Social Connection

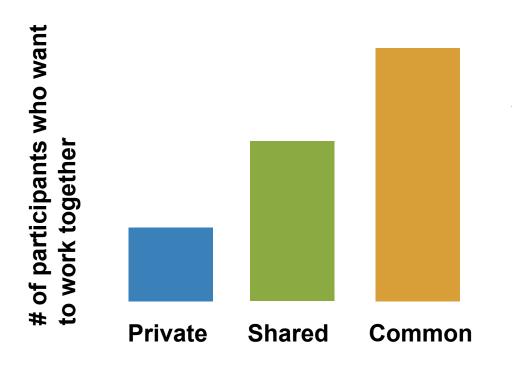
authenticity and vulnerability = replacing "professional distance and cool" with awareness of uncertainty, risk, and emotional exposure

Common Knowledge

Let's say that A and B need to coordinate about plan X to work together (For example, releasing a software version)

Is it more likely they will together with:

- 1. Private knowledge: A doesn't know if B knows plan X
- 2. Shared knowledge: A knows that B knows plan X
- 3. Common knowledge: A and B hear publicly about plan X



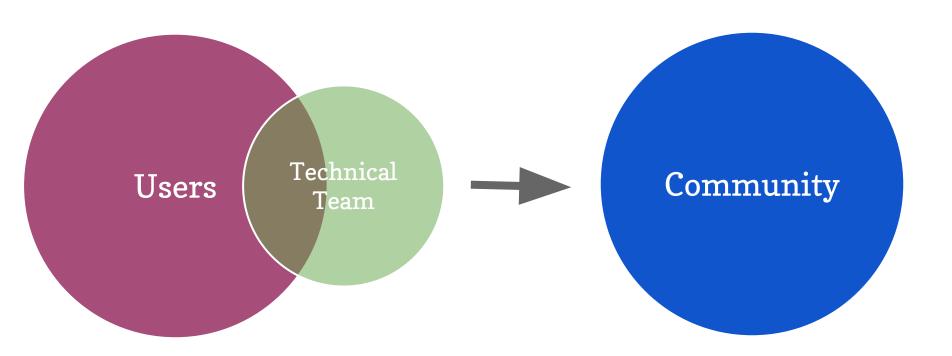
Study finds that:

 A and B are more likely to work together with common knowledge

It also shows that:

- Being more agreeable or open makes no difference to working together with private or common knowledge (but yes with shared)
- Common knowledge is a distinct cognitive category

Creating Community



- Collaborative engagement creates community
- Collecting and analyzing data helps knowing how to grow it

Source: Millington, 2012, Buzzing Communities; acknowledgement: Matthew Turk, open source

How Collaboration Relates to Women

Sex Differences

- Facial, gesture expression recognition
- Emotionally expressive
- Egalitarian
- Extraversion
- Parallel processing



- Visuospatial, pattern recognition
- Emotional regulation
- Dominance hierarchy
- Competition
- Serial processing



Notwithstanding, in the words of Susan Sontag, "What is most beautiful in virile men is something feminine; what is most beautiful in feminine women is something masculine"

Well Suited to Collaborate

- Facial, gesture expression recognition
- Emotionally expressive
- Egalitarian
- Extraversion
- Multi-tasking, parallel processing



Collaboration

- Shared discourse
- Social cognition
- Social connection
- Common knowledge
- Creating community

Why it is Important for World's Global Progress

Until now there have been individual stereotypes...



Lego Series 7 Computer Programmer



Lego Series Women Scientist



...but there is a new reality: Teams

Percentage of Bachelor's degrees conferred to women in the U.S.A., by major (1970-2012) 90% Health Professions 80% Education 70% Foreign Languages Communications and Journalism Art and Performance 60% Biology Agriculture 50% Social Sciences and History Business Math and Statistics 40% **Physical Sciences** 30% 20% Engineering 10%

Data source: nces.ed.gov/programs/digest/2013menu_tables.asp Author: Randy Olson (randalolson.com / @randal_olson) Note: Some majors are missing because the historical data is not available for them

1980

1990

2000

2010

1970

Now (2013):

- women are 26% of computing force
- 57% women of total graduates
- < 20% women in computer science

By 2020:

1.4M computer science jobs available

SundayReview

Academic Science Isn't Sexist

OCT. 31, 2014



Most extensive study to-date shows:

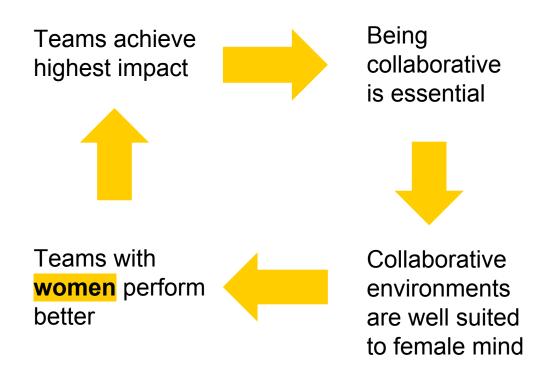
 Academic science is a rewarding career for many, women and men alike

Source: Ceci, Ginther, Khan, WIlliams, 2015 Women in Academic

Science: A Changing Landscape, APS

A Changing Landscape to Improve Science and Technology

The **future of technology** includes teams with a mix of skills, combining scientific and technological talents.



HARVARDgazette

SCIENCE & HEALTH > ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

A quantum leap for women

Step by step, student group helps to sculpt computer science 2.0

March 26, 2015 | ✓ |||



Harvard Women in Computer Science (WICS) addresses: The "yearning for a sense of community"

From Amna Hashmi '16, a computer science concentrator and one of the co-chairs of this year's WECode, and Harvard Women in Computer Science (WICS)

Impact to Global Progress

"Money is the most egalitarian force in society. It confers power on whoever holds it." (Roger Starr, NYT, CBS commentator)

"The full realization of women's equality would have the biggest impact on economic, political and social progress."

(Melanne Verveer, director of the Georgetown institute for Women, Peace & Security and former U.S. ambassador-at-large for global women's issues)

Bringing it Back Home: Open Source and **Open Governance**

- Shared Discourse
- Social Cognition
- Social Connection
- Common Knowledge
- **Creating Community**

Research Community Harvard Open Source IQSS Community **IQSS** Data Science Team

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THANKS